

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Centrifuge Extractor 1500 Centrifuge Extractor 3000

45-3810, 45-3815

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In the interests of improving and updating its equipment, ELE reserves the right to alter specifications to equipment at any time ELE International 2011 ©



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1 Introduction

1.1 **Centrifuge extractor, 1500 g capacity** EN 12697-1, ASTM D2172, AASHTO T58, T164

The centrifuge extractor is designed for use in the determination of bitumen percentage in bituminous mixtures. It has a removable, precision machined aluminum rotor-bowl with removable bowl-cover. Filter paper rings are compressed between the rotor-bowl and cover by means of a knurled nut. The rotor-bowl assembly spins on a vertical shaft enclosed in machined (liquid-tight) aluminum housing. The vertical shaft has ball bearings at the top and bottom to maintain alignment and minimize the vibration from an unbalanced sample. The unit has a brake control for fast stopping. The continuously variable speed control has a range from 0 to 3600 rpm. The solvent is introduced during the test through the cup on the housing cover. The lower housing of the centrifuge is a one piece aluminum casting; epoxy finished for ease of cleaning, and designed to shield the electric motor completely from asphalts and solvents.

1.2 Large centrifuge extractor, 3000 g capacity

The continuously variable speed control has a range of 0-3600 rpm. The 3000 g capacity allows maximum time economy and maximum accuracy where aggregate particles are large or where the mix is not uniform.



Figure 1



2 Specification

Standard Centrifuge			
Capacity	1500 g		
Speed range	0-3600 rpm		
Size	510 x 300 x 560 mm (h x w x l)		
Weight (approx.)	30 kg		
Power requirements	240 V / 0.75 amps		

Large Centrifuge			
Capacity	3000 g		
Speed range	0-3600 rpm		
Size	510 x 300 x 560 mm (h x w x l)		
Weight (approx.)	37 kg		
Power requirements	240 V / 0.75 amps		

3 Description

- 3.1 Base Unit
- 3.1.1 The base unit is of rigidly constructed welded steel that houses both the motor drive unit (1) and speed controller (2).
- 3.1.2 The speed controller incorporates a switch to provide an electro-mechanical brake to minimize the time required to stop the centrifuge. This is operated when the controller is turned fully anti-clockwise past zero.
- 3.1.3 The motor is attached to the main bearing assembly (3) and drive shaft (4) that retains and drives the centrifuge bowl.
- 3.1.4 The top end of the drive shaft engages with a stabilizing bearing fitted to the top cover of the centrifuge.
- 3.1.5 The drive shaft incorporates a spigot (5) that engages with the bowl.
- 3.2 Light alloy bowl assembly
- 3.2.1 The bowl assembly comprises an inner centrifuge unit and a protective bowl and cover.
- 3.2.2 The inner bowl (6) slides on the shaft (4) to engage with the driving spigot (5).
- 3.2.3 A cover (7) is provided for the centrifuge bowl and is clamped to it by means of the knurled nut (8).
- 3.2.4 The whole assembly is easily lifted from the apparatus for purposes of weighing and the use of more than one centrifuge bowl.
- 3.2.5 The outer bowl (9) is rigidly fixed by 4 bolts (15) to the base unit and the bearing assembly (3).



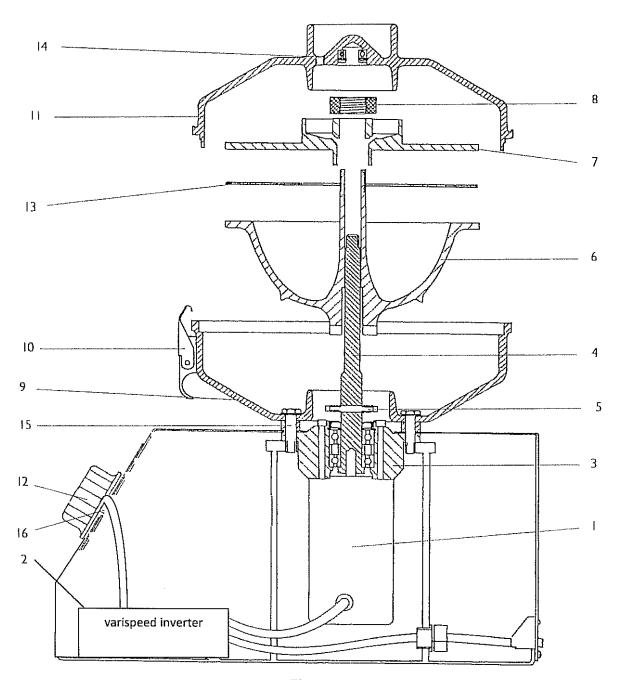


Figure 2

1.	Motor Drive Unit	7.	Cover	13.	Filter Discs
2.	Speed Controller	8.	Knurled Nut 14.		Fill Point
3.	Main Bearing Assembly	9.	. Outer Bowl		Retaining Bolts
4.	Drive Shaft	10.	Fasteners	16.	Start / Stop
5.	Spigot	11.	Top Cover		
6.	Inner Bowl	12.	Speed Controller		



- 3.2.6 Three fasteners (10) are provided to retain the top cover (11) in position during the centrifuge process.
- 3.2.7 The cover incorporates a bearing that engages with the end of the drive shaft (4) to minimize vibration. It also provides a means of adding solvent as specified during the centrifuge process (14).

4 Safety

Warnings!

Do not operate without the cover correctly positioned and locked.

Do not remove the cover while the bowl is rotating.

If excessive vibration occurs, switch off and check for distribution of the test specimen in the bowl.

Use only in a well ventilated location.

5 Installation

- 5.1 Location
- 5.1.1 The apparatus can be mounted on any solid bench that will support the weight and remain firm during the centrifuging process.
- 5.1.2 The apparatus can alternatively be secured directly to the bench by removing the four feet and screwing through the bench top (Figure 3).

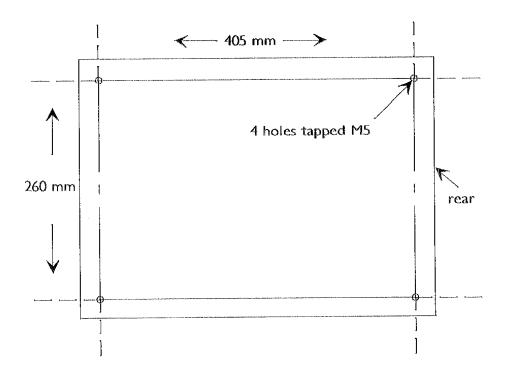


Figure 3 View on underside of centrifuge showing fixing hole centres

- 5.2 Collection of extract
- 5.2.1 To assist with the disposal or collection of the solvent / bitumen solution, place the plastic extension tube over the drain tube protruding from the side of the bowl cover.



Safety

Whilst the test is in operation do not remove any covers or attempt to adjust any part of the machine.

Ensure all moving parts are thoroughly secured before attempting any maintenance.

Ensure all appropriate measures are taken to protect the operator from excessive noise.

See noise certificate (when supplied).

Power Supply

Electrical Safety

Warning: Before removing any covers or performing maintenance repair and service, isolate from electrical supply by removing mains plug. Where mains supply is required during these activities, only competent persons should perform the work.

Check that the power supply is compatible with the requirements stated on the label and connect in accordance with IEE regulations or to local requirements. It is advised that this machine be connected via a residual current device (not supplied), and it should operate if earth leakage current exceeds 0.03 amps.

It is recommended that the mains cable be connected to a no-volts switch so that in the event of a mains failure, the apparatus can only be re-started if the no-volt switch has been reset.

The power cable is coded as follows:

Brown Wire	L	Live or power
Blue Wire	N	Neutral
Green / Yellow Wire	E	Earth or Ground

Portable Appliance Tests (PAT)

An electrical safety test label is fitted (usually adjacent to the mains input socket).

Organizations have an obligation to ensure equipment is maintained and is safe for use. Regular PAT testing is one means of ensuring equipment continues to be electrically safe.

DO NOT FLASH TEST ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT.

If in doubt as to the most suitable connection point (which will usually be an earth stud or an external earth connection) contact the ELE Service Department for assistance.

6 Operation

- 6.1 Preparation
- 6.1.1 Set the speed control (12) fully anti-clockwise to the brake position and release the fasteners (10) to remove the cover (11).
- 6.1.2 Remove the centrifuge bowl assembly (6, 7 and 8) and stand on a bench.
- 6.1.3 Place the portion of test material evenly in the bowl and add sufficient solvent to cover it. Note: although the base unit is flame proof, it is recommended that non-flammable solvents such as trichloroethylene or methylene chloride are used.



- 6.1.4 Place a low ash filter paper ring (13) on the lip of the bowl (6), place the cover (7) in position and clamp the assembly using nut (8).
- 6.1.5 The assembly can be left for up to 1 hour to allow the solvent to take the bitumen into solution.
- 6.2 Centrifuge Process
- 6.2.1 When ready place the bowl assembly onto the drive shaft (4) ensuring that the slot in the base of the bowl engages with the driving spigot (5).
- 6.2.2 Place the cover (11) over the outer bowl and lock in position using the three fasteners (10).
 - Note: It is important to ensure that this operation is carried out correctly and that the cover is properly locked in position.
- 6.2.3 Start centrifuging by slowly increasing the speed rotating the speed controller clockwise.
- 6.2.4 Only proceed to maximum speed when the initial flow of solution from the bowl slows to a trickle.
- 6.2.5 When it is considered that drainage is complete, turn the speed controller (12) to the brake position (fully anti-clockwise).
- 6.3 Subsequent solvent additions
- 6.3.1 After centrifuge has stopped, add a further 200 ml of solvent through the top of the cover (11) at fill point (14).
- 6.3.2 Allow a few minutes for the solvent to mix with the aggregates in the bowl and then repeat the centrifuge operation (5.2.3 to 5.2.5).
- 6.3.3 This operation should be repeated at least twice more or until the solution is clear, or a light straw colour.
- 6.4 Weighing and drying
- 6.4.1 The use of the bowl assembly as part of the quantitative extraction of bitumen from bituminous mixtures requires the careful weighing of the bowl and ingredients at various stages of the test.
- 6.4.2 The operator should follow the instruction details in the relevant national Standards document.
- 6.4.3 To ensure accurate and repeatable results, it is important to always keep the inner bowl and cover assembly clean and dry.

7 Hazards to Health

7.1 Inhalation

Although methylene chloride is not known to cause any permanent organic injury, it can have anesthetic effects, and inhalation of its vapors may cause nausea, headaches, drowsiness, or can prove suddenly fatal if exposure has been severe.

Methylene chloride is a volatile liquid, even at normal room temperatures, and the concentration of vapor in the atmosphere can increase rapidly, particularly in confined spaces. Good general background ventilation is therefore required where methylene chloride is to be used and, in addition, extraction vents may be required close to the source of any vapor emissions and at ground level, where the heavy vapor tends to collect.



The vapor may flow into underground pits etc., and will be slow to disperse there or in enclosed vessels or other confined spaces. Such pits and enclosed vessels must only be entered when wearing breathing apparatus, with a colleague in attendance, and after authorization by a responsible person. Refer to local safety standards.

7.2 Contact with the skin and eyes

Methylene chloride is a powerful solvent and can readily remove the natural grease from the skin. Methylene chloride (or any other solvent) may cause dermatitis. Absorption through the skin could produce the same effects as inhalation but under normal conditions the methylene chloride will evaporate so rapidly that absorption will not occur. However, absorption could occur if methylene chloride remains in contact with the skin for a prolonged period of time e.g. by saturation of clothing. Splashes of methylene chloride liquid in the eyes can be painful and cause irritation, but it is unlikely that any serious or permanent injury will result. The hazards of both skin and eye contact may be increased by the presence of any thickener or film-forming agent in the methylene chloride which may prevent its rapid evaporation.

Working procedures should be designed to avoid the chance of personnel being splashed with methylene chloride. However, where intermittent contact cannot be avoided, protective clothing, e.g. splash proof goggles, gloves and aprons made from polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber, or neoprene should be worn.

7.3 Ingestion

The swallowing of small splashes of methylene chloride is unlikely to cause any significant reaction, though larger amounts could cause internal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea and could lead to drowsiness and unconsciousness.

7.4 First aid and medical attention

7.4.1 General

Any person showing signs of exposure to methylene chloride should be carried to a fresh atmosphere and should be kept warm and quiet. Medical attention should always be sought.

7.4.2 Inhalation

If a patient is conscious he/she should be made to lie down and should be kept warm and quiet until examined by a doctor. Under no circumstances should the patient be allowed to resume work or to be taken home until permission is given by the doctor.

If the patient is unconscious, a doctor must be called at once. Oxygen should be administered through a face mask. If breathing stops, or becomes irregular, apply artificial respiration and continue oxygen inhalation. When the patient recovers consciousness he/she must be kept warm and remain lying down until examined by a doctor. The patient must not be taken home until permission is given by a doctor.

7.4.3 Skin contact

Methylene chloride will normally evaporate readily from the skin and any items which prevent rapid evaporation, e.g. clothes wet with methylene chloride, should be removed at once. If the methylene chloride contains thickeners or film-forming resins which could prevent its rapid evaporation, the affected areas of the skin should be washed with warm soapy water. Application of suitable replenishing creams will restore some grease to the skin, thereby giving some relief.



7.4.4 Eye contact

The eye should be thoroughly washed out with running water from a tap or saline solution from an eye wash bottle. Washing should be continued for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye-lid firmly open and ensuring that the washing liquid enters all parts of the eye. A doctor should be consulted as soon as possible.

7.4.5 Swallowing

The patient should be given an emetic, such as salty water, to induce vomiting. A doctor should be called at once.

8 Maintenance

- 8.1 Routine
- 8.1.1 The apparatus is designed to operate over long periods with a minimum of maintenance. However, the following checks are recommended during daily operation.
- 8.2 Outer cover bearing
- 8.2.1 The stabilizing bearing on the cover unit is exposed to the solvent vapors which may slowly dissolve out the lubricating grease.
- 8.2.2 It is recommended that on a daily basis, without removing the retaining clips, this bearing is checked and a portion of general purpose engineering grease smeared across the bearing cover.
- 8.2.3 To avoid chattering between the bowl (6) and the spigot (5), the latter is fitted with ten 'O' ring rubbers to act as a shock absorber.
- 8.2.4 As a matter of routine, check the rubbers for signs of damage.
- 8.2.5 If necessary, remove and replace with 'O' rings.
- 8.2.6 To gain access to these rubbers, it may be found easier to remove the outer bowl (9) by unscrewing the 4 retaining bolts (15).
- 8.3 Electrical
- 8.3.1 The arrangement of the two micro switches as part of the speed controller is carefully set for the correct operation of the motor and brake. It is recommended that these are not disturbed.



DIRECTIVE ON WASTE ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT (WEEE)



Electrical equipment marked with this symbol may not be disposed of in European public disposal systems after 12 August of 2005. In conformity with European local and national regulations (EU Directive 2002/96/EC), European electrical equipment users must now return old or end-of life equipment to the Producer for disposal at no charge to the user.

Note: For return for recycling, please contact the equipment producer or supplier for instructions on how to return end-of-life equipment for proper disposal.

Important document. Retain with product records.

GERMAN

Elektrogeräte, die mit diesem Symbol gekennzeichnet sind, dürfen in Europa nach dem 12. August 2005 nicht mehr über die öffentliche Abfallentsorgung entsorgt werden. In Übereinstimmung mit lokalen und nationalen europäischen Bestimmungen (EU-Richtlinie 2002/96/EC), müssen Benutzer von Elektrogeräten in Europa ab diesem Zeitpunkt alte bzw. zu verschrottende Geräte zur Entsorgung kostenfrei an den Hersteller zurückgeben.

Hinweis: Bitte wenden Sie sich an den Hersteller bzw. an den Händler, von dem Sie das Gerät bezogen haben, um Informationen zur Rückgabe des Altgeräts zur ordnungsgemäßen Entsorgung zu erhalten.

Wichtige Informationen. Bitte zusammen mit den Produktinformationen aufbewahren.

FRENCH

A partir du 12 août 2005, il est interdit de mettre au rebut le matériel électrique marqué de ce symbole par les voies habituelles de déchetterie publique. Conformément à la réglementation européenne (directive UE 2002/96/EC), les utilisateurs de matériel électrique en Europe doivent désormais retourner le matériel usé ou périmé au fabricant pour élimination, sans frais pour l'utilisateur.

Remarque: Veuillez vous adresser au fabricant ou au fournisseur du matériel pour les instructions de retour du matériel usé ou périmé aux fins d'élimination conforme.

Ce document est important. Conservez-le dans le dossier du produit.

ΙΤΔΙ ΙΔΝ

Le apparecchiature elettriche con apposto questo simbolo non possono essere smaltite nelle discariche pubbliche europee successivamente al 12 agosto 2005. In conformità alle normative europee locali e nazionali (Direttiva UE 2002/96/EC), gli utilizzatori europei di apparecchiature elettriche devono restituire al produttore le apparecchiature vecchie o a fine vita per lo smaltimento senza alcun costo a carico dell'utilizzatore.

Nota: Per conoscere le modalità di restituzione delle apparecchiature a fine vita da riciclare, contattare il produttore o il fornitore dell'apparecchiatura per un corretto smaltimento.

Documento importante. Conservare con la documentazione del prodotto.

DANISH

Elektriske apparater, der er mærket med dette symbol, må ikke bortskaffes i europæiske offentlige affaldssystemer efter den 12. august 2005. I henhold til europæiske lokale og nationale regler (EU-direktiv 2002/96/EF) skal europæiske brugere af elektriske apparater nu returnere gamle eller udtjente apparater til producenten med henblik på bortskaffelse uden omkostninger for brugeren.

Bemærk: I forbindelse med returnering til genbrug skal du kontakte producenten eller leverandøren af apparatet for at få instruktioner om, hvordan udtjente apparater bortskaffes korrekt

Vigtigt dokument. Opbevares sammen med produktdokumenterne.



SWEDISH

Elektronikutrustning som är märkt med denna symbol kanske inte kan lämnas in på europeiska offentliga sopstationer efter 2005-08-12. Enligt europeiska lokala och nationella föreskrifter (EU-direktiv 2002/96/EC) måste användare av elektronikutrustning i Europa nu återlämna gammal eller utrangerad utrustning till tillverkaren för kassering utan kostnad för användaren.

Obs! Om du ska återlämna utrustning för återvinning ska du kontakta tillverkaren av utrustningen eller återförsäljaren för att få anvisningar om hur du återlämnar kasserad utrustning för att den ska bortskaffas på rätt sätt.

Viktigt dokument. Spara tillsammans med dina produktbeskrivningar.

SPANISH

A partir del 12 de agosto de 2005, los equipos eléctricos que lleven este símbolo no deberán ser desechados en los puntos limpios europeos. De conformidad con las normativas europeas locales y nacionales (Directiva de la UE 2002/96/EC), a partir de esa fecha, los usuarios europeos de equipos eléctricos deberán devolver los equipos usados u obsoletos al fabricante de los mismos para su reciclado, sin coste alguno para el usuario.

Nota: Sírvase ponerse en contacto con el fabricante o proveedor de los equipos para solicitar instrucciones sobre cómo devolver los equipos obsoletos para su correcto reciclado.

Documento importante. Guardar junto con los registros de los equipos.

DUTCH

Elektrische apparatuur die is voorzien van dit symbool mag na 12 augustus 2005 niet meer worden afgevoerd naar Europese openbare afvalsystemen. Conform Europese lokale en nationale wetgegeving (EU-richtlijn 2002/96/EC) dienen gebruikers van elektrische apparaten voortaan hun oude of afgedankte apparatuur kosteloos voor recycling of vernietiging naar de producent terug te brengen.

Nota: Als u apparatuur voor recycling terugbrengt, moet u contact opnemen met de producent of leverancier voor instructies voor het terugbrengen van de afgedankte apparatuur voor een juiste verwerking.

Belangrijk document. Bewaar het bij de productpapieren.

POLISH

Sprzęt elektryczny oznaczony takim symbolem nie może być likwidowany w europejskich systemach utylizacji po dniu 12 sierpnia 2005. Zgodnie z europejskimi, lokalnymi i państwowymi przepisami prawa (Dyrektywa Unii Europejskiej 2002/96/EC), użytkownicy sprzętu elektrycznego w Europie muszą obecnie przekazywać Producentowi stary sprzęt lub sprzęt po okresie użytkowania do bezpłatnej utylizacji.

Uwaga: Aby przekazać sprzęt do recyklingu, należy zwrócić się do producenta lub dostawcy sprzętu w celu uzyskania instrukcji dotyczących procedur przekazywania do utylizacji sprzętu po okresie użytkowania.

Ważny dokument. Zachować z dokumentacją produktu.

PORTUGESE

Qualquer equipamento eléctrico que ostente este símbolo não poderá ser eliminado através dos sistemas públicos europeus de tratamento de resíduos sólidos a partir de 12 de Agosto de 2005. De acordo com as normas locais e europeias (Directiva Europeia 2002/96/EC), os utilizadores europeus de equipamentos eléctricos deverão agora devolver os seus equipamentos velhos ou em fim de vida ao produtor para o respectivo tratamento sem quaisquer custos para o utilizador.

Nota: No que toca à devolução para reciclagem, por favor, contacte o produtor ou fornecedor do equipamento para instruções de devolução de equipamento em fim de vida para a sua correcta eliminação.

Documento importante. Mantenha junto dos registos do produto.